A Syntactic Analysis Of Lexical And Functional Heads In

Lexicalising Causal Syntax
Analysis of Material for Teaching the Lexical and Syntactic Features of Written Medical English
Lexical Analysis
Morphological and Syntactic Analysis of the Verb Extension System of the Rundi Language

Discontinuous NPs in German

An Introduction to Syntactic Analysis and Theory

The Syntax of Hungarian Noun Phrases

Syntactic Analysis

An Introduction to Syntax Analysis and Theory

Selected Lexical and Grammatical Issues in the Meaning-text Theory

Independent Study Lexical and Syntactic Analysis of Written Medical English
advanced, up to date concepts in syntactic theory

Analyzing Syntax

Lexical-Functional Syntax, 2nd Edition, the definitive text for Lexical Functional Grammar (LFG) with a focus on syntax, is updated to reflect recent developments in the field. Provides both an introduction to LFG and a synthesis of major theoretical developments in lexical-functional syntax over the past few decades. Includes in-depth discussions of a large number of syntactic phenomena from typologically diverse languages. Features extensive problem sets and solutions in each chapter to aid in self-study. Incorporates reader feedback from the 1st Edition to correct errors and enhance clarity.

Rebuilding Words, Constructing Worlds

This is the first entry-level introduction to generative syntax to develop an aforesaid approach that rationally reconstructs syntactic theory from the perspective of current research. It shows how basic grammatical concepts are incorporated into general principles that answer some of the fundamental questions of syntactic analysis, including the relationships between lexical and phraseal categories, the integration of transformations, the restricted distribution of NPs (lexical and non-lexical), and levels of syntactic representation. The book introduces and motivates the basic components of Chomsky's principles-and-parameters theory with an extensive analysis of English and also data from a variety of other languages. Beginning with simple concepts of phrase structure and transformations, the text progresses systematically through the subtheories of Case, binding, transformational grammar, and predicate-argument structure (T-theory) to the more complicated concepts in binding theory and the analysis of empty categories. It also contains detailed discussions of overlapping conditions, a full discussion of the Principle of Lexical Satisfaction, as well as substantial material on parametric variation in binding, Case, and binding. Many points of analysis refine the standard view. Numerous exercises reinforce and extend the concepts and analyses. Robert Freidin is Associate Professor and Director of the Program in Linguistics at Princeton University. He is editor of Principles and Parameters in Comparative Grammar.

Syntactic Categories

The Meaning Text Theory (MTT) is a lexicon-centred and dependency-based theory for the description of language using a holistic model that incorporates semantics, syntax, morphology, and lexicon. This volume, prepared on the occasion of Igor Mel'cuk's 70th birthday, offers a cross-section of the current advances in MTT and its applications. The first part of the book focuses on lexical phenomena that are still largely neglected in mainstream linguistics: sound symbolism as manifested by ideophones, and idiosyncratic lexical relations as manifested by lexical functions (LFs). In particular, LFs are addressed from different angles (including the introduction of new [standard] LFs, the argument structure and semantic decomposition of lexical relations captured by LFs, automatic recognition of LF-instances in corpora, and the use of LFs in terminology and natural language processing). The second part of the book deals with such prominent model-oriented issues as semantic paraphrasing and MTT, the role of phrase structure in MTT and syntactic analysis within MTT.

Foundations of Generative Syntax

Highly readable and eminently practical, Syntactic Analysis: The Basics focuses on bringing students with little background in linguistics up to speed on how modern syntactic analysis works. A succinct and practical introduction to understanding sentence structure, ideal for students who need to get up to speed on key concepts in the field. Introduces readers to the central terms and concepts in syntax. Offers a hands-on approach to understanding and performing syntactic analysis and introduces students to linguistic argumentation. Includes numerous problem sets, helpfully graded for difficulty, with model answers provided at critical points. Prepares readers for more advanced work with syntactic systems and syntactic analyses.

Syntax - Theory and Analysis

Structure of the Eh Compiler

This handbook compares the main analytic frameworks and methods of contemporary linguistics. It offers a unique overview of linguistic theory, revealing the common concerns of competing approaches. By showing their current and potential applications it provides the means by which linguists and others can judge what are the most useful models for the task in hand. Distinguished scholars from all over the world explain the rationale and aims of over thirty explanatory approaches to the description, analysis, and understanding of language. Each chapter considers the main goals of the model; the relation it proposes from between lexicon, syntax, semantics, pragmatics, and phonology; the way it defines the relationships between cognition and grammar; what it counts as evidence; and how it explains linguistic change and structure. The Oxford Handbook of Linguistic Analysis offers an indispensable guide for everyone researching any aspect of language including those in linguistics, comparative philology, cognitive science, developmental philology, cognitive science, developmental psychology, computational science, and artificial intelligence. This second edition has been updated to include seven new chapters looking at linguistic units in language acquisition, conversation analysis, neurolinguistics, experimental phonetics, phonological analysis, experimental semantics, and distributional typology.

Syntactic Analysis

Reformulation and Acquisition of Linguistic Complexity proposes a new answer to the question of the appropriation or acquisition of a mother tongue - a complex object, one that is both stable and perpetually evolving. This answer is based on the reformulating principle that children spontaneously apply; a principle that is illustrated here with children retelling the same story. These children are all 6, 8 or 10 years old and speak French, Italian, or Polish as first languages. This book demonstrates that the acquisition of any mother tongue is explained by the application of various reformulation procedures between source predications and reformulated predications. These procedures are comparable from one language to another, and different from one age group to another. This book also studies certain complex phenomena at the lexical and syntactical levels, and analyzes how children, depending on their age, treat these phenomena. Finally, we show that the acquisition of a mother tongue is a fundamentally linguistic activity.

Syntactic Analysis

This investigation of complex verb formation seeks to identify and clarify the ways in which a base verb becomes complex. The author carefully considers both the syntactic and the morphological side of this question, and in doing so brings a wealth of data from very diverse languages to bear on claims made about the relationship between syntactic and morphological structure. The work takes the radical position that most data admit of either a syntactic (Phrase Structure) or lexical analysis because both are likely to be valid under different circumstances. Both approaches are consistently defended in an attempt to illustrate the complementarity of the two and ascertain which is the better formulation for a given set of data. Placing his analysis firmly in the context of historical linguistics, the author shows that it is necessary to admit the possibility of lexicalization. This book pays attention to many alternative viewpoints, and its value is further enhanced by a 40-page bibliography. Miller's insightful treatment of questions of lexical decomposition, the relationship of morphology to syntax, and the encoding of argument structure on verbs make this a work of the utmost importance for syntacists as well as morphologists.

Lexical-Functional Grammar

Present this book as the basic goals and tools of syntactic analysis. This book's framework is theory-neutral, presenting a scientific introduction to the field and to synchronic description. It examines variation and change, syntactic typology, language acquisition, and possible explanations from structural, evolutionary, and functional perspectives.

New Horizons in Qur'anic Linguistics

The handbook offers an overview of syntactic theory and analysis, in terms of different theories, different languages, and different methods. The Handbook presents the state of art in syntactic analysis, also dealing with the methodology employed, and the rules of argumentation required to achieve such analyses for a wide range of phenomena.

Syntax and the Lexicon

A Syntactic Study of Idioms

This book investigates the occurrence of discontinuous noun phrases, arguing that many of the factors that previous literature has tried to explain in terms of syntactic restrictions on movements are in fact derivable from discourse factors. De Kuthy's HPSG and information-structure analyses provide an exemplary argument for rethinking the division of labor between syntax and a theory of discourse.
Reformulation and Acquisition of Linguistic Complexity

This introduction to and overview of the "glue" approach is the first book to bring together the research of the major contributors to the field. A new, deductive approach to the syntax-semantics interface integrates two mature and successful lines of research: logical deduction for semantic composition and the Lexical Functional Grammar (LFG) approach to the analysis of linguistic structure. It is often referred to as the "glue" approach because of the role of logic in "gluing" meanings together. The "glue" approach has attracted significant attention from, among others, logicians working in the relatively new and active field of linear logic; linguists interested in a novel deductive approach to the interface between syntax and semantics within a nontransformational, constraint-based syntactic framework; and computational linguists and computer scientists interested in an approach to semantic composition that is grounded in a conceptually simple but powerful computational framework. The book's introduction to and overview of the "glue" approach is the first book to bring together the research of the major contributors to the field. Contributors: Richard Crouch, Mary Dalrymple, John Frye, Vineet Gupta, Mark Johnson, Andrew Kehler, John Lamping, Dick Oehrle, Fernando Pereira, Vijay Saraswat, Josef van Genabith

Language of Chemistry, a Linguistic Analysis

Selected Lexical and Grammatical Issues in the Meaning-text Theory

This book offers a systematic account of syntactic categories - the building blocks of sentences and the units of grammatical analysis - and explains their place in different contexts. It sets out the components of language and their conflicts, and frequently makes it hard or impossible to compare grammars. Gisa Rauh describes the history and nature of traditional and contemporary accounts and definitions of grammatical categories. She explains their properties and use in generative, cognitive, and functional theories, and considers their function in language typology. She distinguishes between the cognitive functions that relate to traditional accounts of a language's lexicon, and the communicative behavior of the linguistic items they specify. Professor Rauh illustrates her account with a wide range of examples. Her clear and balanced exposition will be welcomed by students and scholars in all branches of linguistics as well as by those in related subjects such as computational science and the philosophy of language.

Independent Study Lexical and Syntactic Analysis of Medical Articles

This book focuses on the linguistic representation of temporality in the verbal domain and its interaction with the syntax and semantics of verbs, arguments, and modifiers. Leading scholars explore the division of labour between syntax, compositional semantics, and lexical semantics in the encoding of event structure, encompassing event participants and the temporal properties associated with events. They examine the interface between event structure and the systems with which it interacts, including the interface between argument structure and the syntactic realization of arguments and modifiers. Deploying a variety of frameworks and theoretical perspectives they consider central issues and questions in the field, among them whether argument-structure is specified in the lexical entries of verbs or syntactically constructed so that syntactic position determines thematic status; whether the hierarchical structure evidenced in argument structure find parallels in sign language; should the relation between members of an alternation pair, such as the causative-inchoative alternation, be understood lexically or derivationally; and the role of syntactic category in determining the configuration of argument structure.

Grammatical Analysis

Study covers chemistry textbooks for standards six to ten, 1974-1984.

Semantics and Syntax in Lexical Functional Grammar

Syntactic Structures

This volume focuses on problems in the morphological and syntactic analysis of certain Asian and Pacific languages, bringing to bear alternative theories of grammar, including relational, categorical, and lexicon-based dependency grammar, and a whole-word approach to morphology.

The Oxford Handbook of Linguistic Analysis

The book presents a new perspective on clausal syntax and its interactions with lexical and discourse function information by analysing Hungarian sentences. It also demonstrates ways in which grammar engineering implementations can provide insights into how complex linguistic processes interact. It analyses the most important phenomena in the preverbal domain of Hungarian finite declarative and wh-clauses: sentence structure, operators, verbal modifiers, negation and copula constructions. Based on the results of earlier generative linguistic research, it presents the fundamental empirical generalisations and offers a comparative critical assessment of the most salient analyses in a variety of generative linguistic models from its own perspective. It argues for a lexical approach to the relevant phenomena and develops the first comprehensive analysis in the theoretical framework of Lexical-Functional Grammar. It also reports the successful implementation of crucial aspects of this analysis in the computational linguistic platform of the theory, Xerox Linguistic Environment.

Lexical-Functional Syntax

The prepositional passive in English

El propòsit d'aquest llibre és introduir els alumnes a conceptes fonamentals per l’anàlisi de l’oració anglesa. El llibre comença amb una introducció al marc teòric que s’utilitza, i segueix amb una descripció de l’estructura argumental, les relacions sintàctiques entre constituents, les categories gramaticals (lèxiques i funcionals), l’estructura sintàctica interna dels constituents, les projeccions sintàctiques funcionals, les funcions gramaticals i el cas. El llibre està escrit en un to pedagogic, concís i concret per a escriptors on l’argumentació es fa a favor de les estructures que es proposen. Es tracta d’una eina essencial per a les assignatures de sintaxi bàsica de la titulació de Filologia Anglesa i pot servir també com a manual introductori a qualsevol assignatura de gramàtica generativa. Tots els autors han impartit classes o han participat en les assignatures de sintaxi anglesa del Departament de Filologia Anglesa i de Germanística de la Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona durant els últims deu anys. La formació acadèmica de cadascun d’ells inclou periodes de formació de postgrau en algunes de les universitats més destacades de la Gran Bretanya, d’Hollanda i dels Estats Units. Mireia Llanes (MA University College London, PhD Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona), coordinadora d’aquest volum, es dedica juntament amb Montserrat Capdevila (MA University College London, PhD Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona) a l’adquisició de primeres i segones llengües. Joaquín Domínguez (MA Georgetown University, PhD Universidad Complutense de Madrid) s’interessa per la comparació de la sintaxi de l’àngel amb el català i el castellà, Melissa Moyer (MA Stanford University, PhD Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona) és especialista en bilingüisme i multilingüisme des d’un enfocament sintàctic i d’alternança de llengües. Elisabet Pladevall (MA University College London, PhD Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona) va presentar la seva tesi sobre la negació en anglès i castellà, i Ada i Montserrat Elcàr (MA University College London, PhD Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, Universitat d’Amsterdam) és doctora del juny de 2008 amb la tesi Negative Concord in English and Romance: Syntax-Morphology Interface Conditions on the Expression of Negation.

Lexical Semantics, Syntax, and Event Structure

Analyzing Syntax: A Lexical-Functional Approach

Lexical, Syntactic, and Discourse Analysis

This volume is the most comprehensive reference work to date on Lexical Functional Grammar (LFG). The authors provide detailed and extensive coverage of the analysis of syntax, semantics, morphology, prosody, and information structure, and how these aspects of linguistic structure interact in the nontransformational framework of LFG. The book is divided into three parts. The first part examines the syntactic theory and formal architecture of LFG, with detailed explanations and comprehensive illustrations, providing an unparalleled introduction to the fundamentals of the theory. Part two explores non-syntactic levels of linguistic structure, including the syntax-semantics interface and semantic representation, argument structure, information structure, prosodic structure, and morphological structure, and the role of syntactic category in determining the configuration of argument structure.
and how these are related in the projection architecture of LFG. Chapters in the third part illustrate the theory more explicitly by presenting explorations of the syntax and semantics of a range of representative linguistic phenomena: modification, anaphora, control, coordination, and long-distance dependencies. The final chapter discusses LFG-based work not covered elsewhere in the book, as well as new developments in the theory. The volume will be an invaluable reference for graduate and advanced undergraduate students and researchers in a wide range of linguistic sub-fields, including syntax, morphology, semantics, information structure, and prosody, as well as those working in language documentation and description.

Lexical Collocation Analysis

The book offers a syntactic analysis of Hungarian noun phrases containing various types of argument-taking predicates within the theoretical framework of Lexical-Functional Grammar. It investigates the nature of the possessor grammatical function and proposes that it should be treated as semantically unrestricted. The book also explores the rules which determine the possible ways of realizing oblique arguments and adjuncts of derived nominals. In addition, it formulates a new account of the basic organizing principle of the use of certain participles in Hungarian noun phrases.

Complex Verb Formation

Syntax and the Lexicon is a dynamic investigation into the role of the lexicon in syntactic theory. Twelve chapters, authored by leaders in syntactic theory, provide a detailed yet easily understandable analysis of differing views on the lexicon in the field. Lively debates pepper the volume with interactive dialogue, and volume editors Tim Stowell and Eric Wehrli provide an insightful overview and introduction to lexical theory. Key Features:* Presents an overview of the role of the lexicon in syntactic theory * Debates between major practitioners in the field * Discusses the nature of argument and structure * Debates the relation of argument nature to constituent structure and binding theory * Examines the role of NP-movement vs. lexical rules in accounting for alternations in grammatical functions

An Introduction to Syntax

New Horizons in Qur'anic Linguistics provides a panoramic insight into the Qur'anic landscape fenced by innate syntactic, semantic and stylistic landmarks where context and meaning have clued ranks to impact morphological form in order to achieve variegated illocutionary forces. It provides a comprehensive account of the recurrent syntactic, stylistic, morphological, lexical, cultural, and phonological voids that are an iceberg looming in the horizon of Qur'anic genre. It is an invaluable resource for contrastive linguistics, translation studies, and corpus linguistics. Among the linguistic topics are: syntactic structures, ellipsis, synonymy, polysemy, semantic redundancy, incongruity, and contrastiveness, selection restriction rule, componential features, collocation, cyclical modification, foregrounding, backgrounding, pragmatic functions and categories of shift, pragmatic distinction between verbal and nominal sentences, morpho-semantic features of lexical items, context-sensitive word and phrase order, vowel points and phonetic variation. The value of European theoretical linguistics to the analysis of the Qur'anic text at a macro level has been overlooked in the academic literature to date and this book addresses this research gap, providing a key resource for students and scholars of linguistics and specifically working in Arabic or Qur'anic Studies.

Natural Language Processing

Compiler Design

A clear introduction to lexical-functional grammar (LFG), this outstanding textbook sets out a formal approach to the study of language using a step-by-step approach and rich language data. Data from English and a range of other languages is used to illustrate the main concepts, allowing those students not accustomed to working with cross-linguistic data to familiarize themselves with the theory, while also enabling those interested in how the theory can account for more challenging data sets to extend their learning. Exercises ranging from simple technical questions to analyses of a data set, as well as a further resources section with a literature review complete each chapter. The book aims to equip readers with the skills to analyze new data sets and to begin to engage with the primary LFG literature.

Basic Concepts for the Analysis of English Sentences

Since the general tendencies of present-day English focus more on idiomatic usage, it seems to be worth paying attention to the role phraseological units play in a language. In the field of English phraseology, linguists have shown a constant interest in idioms. Undoubtedly, not only are idioms an important part of the language and culture of the society, but they also carry more impact than non-idiomatic expressions because of their close identification with a particular language and culture. It is difficult to speak or write English without using idioms, especially while describing one's emotional or mental condition. Therefore, it is interesting and worthwhile to study both the language of phraseological units and emotions. In other words, this book focuses not only on idioms, but also on one's psychological condition. However, its purpose is neither to discuss the issues of idioms and emotions from the psychological point of view, nor to provide a conceptual analysis of emotional metaphors. Instead, the book analyzes idioms referring to psychological states in English from the perspective of syntax, focusing particularly on both the syntactic structure of this specific set of verbal psych-idioms, and on the constraints on the way they are built. Therefore, the most current studies, performed within the scope of the Phase Theory and the Idioms as Phases Hypothesis are chosen to address certain syntactic problems that idioms pose.

Introduction to Syntactic Analysis

This Handbook represents the development of research and the current level of knowledge in the fields of syntactic theory and syntax analysis. Syntax can look back to a long tradition. Especially in the last 50 years, however, the interaction between syntactic theory and syntactic analysis has led to a rapid increase in analyses and theoretical suggestions. This second edition of the Handbook on Syntax adopts a unifying perspective and therefore does not place the division of syntactic theory into several schools to the fore, but the increase in knowledge resulting from the fruitful argumentations between syntactic analysis and syntactic theory. It uses selected phenomena of individual languages and their cross-linguistic realizations to explain what syntactic analyses can do and at the same time to show in what respects syntactic theories differ from each other. It investigates how syntax is related to neighboring disciplines and investigate the role of the interfaces especially the relationship between syntax and phonology, morphology, compositional semantics, pragmatics, and the lexicon. The phenomena chosen bring together renowned experts in syntax, and represent the consensus reached as to what has to be considered as an important as well as illustrative syntactic phenomenon. The phenomena discuss do not only serve to show syntactic analyses, but also to compare theoretical approaches with each other.

The Oxford Reference Guide to Lexical Functional Grammar

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